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APPLICATION NO.	F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/700,811		01/16/2001	Richard Leman	2497/101	4275
2101	7590	01/21/2004		EXAM	INER
		NSTEIN LLP		JENKINS, JE	ERMAINE L
125 SUMMER STREET BOSTON, MA 02110-1618				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
= 32231,				1855	

DATE MAILED: 01/21/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)	
. 0.55	• • •	09/700,811	LEMAN, RICHARD)
Onic	ce Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
		Jermaine Jenkins	2855	
The MA Period for Reply	AILING DATE of this comm	unication appears on the cover sh	eet with the correspondence add	dress
THE MAILING - Extensions of time after SIX (6) MON - If the period for reference in the six of the	DATE OF THIS COMMU e may be available under the provision ITHS from the mailing date of this country ply specified above is less than thirty ply is specified above, the maximum thin the set or extended period for re	ons of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, mmunication. (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimun statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (ply will, by statute, cause the application to bec after the mailing date of this communication,	may a reply be timely filed n of thirty (30) days will be considered timely 6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this co ome ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
1)⊠ Respon	sive to communication(s) f	îled on <u>31 October 2003</u> .		
2a)⊠ This act	ion is FINAL .	2b) ☐ This action is non-final.		
		on for allowance except for formal ctice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 193		merits is
Disposition of Cl	aims			
4a) Of th 5) ☐ Claim(s) 6) ☑ Claim(s) 7) ☐ Claim(s)	is/are allowed. 11-19 is/are rejected. is/are objected to.	/are withdrawn from consideratio		
Application Pape	rs		,	
10)⊡ The drav Applican Replacer	may not request that any obnent drawing sheet(s) include	the Examiner. re: a) accepted or b) objectoriection to the drawing(s) be held in a ling the correction is required if the drawing the Examiner. Note the att	beyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). awing(s) is objected to. See 37 CF	
Priority under 35	U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120			
a) All by 1. C 2. C 3. C 3. C 4 * See the a 13) Acknowle since a sp 37 CFR 1 a) The 14) Acknowle	Some * c) None of certified copies of the priorice price of the priorice opies of the priorice opies of the certified copies of the certified copies of the certified copies oplication from the International of the certific reference was included. Note: The companies of the foreign of the certific reference was included.	im for foreign priority under 35 U.f: ty documents have been received ty documents have been received es of the priority documents have tional Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)) tion for a list of the certified copie in for domestic priority under 35 U ded in the first sentence of the sp language provisional application in for domestic priority under 35 U entence of the specification or in	d. d in Application No been received in this National s not received. S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional ecification or in an Application has been received. S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121 since	application) Data Sheet a specific
Attachment(s)		•		
	ences Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Inte	rview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s	s)

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 11-03)

2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)

3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) _

6) Dother:

5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 11-13, 16 & 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Handfield et al (5,731,516).

In regards to claims 11, 13, 16 & 17, Handfield et al as illustrated in Figures 1 & 11 teaches an apparatus for monitoring a tire comprising a transponder (22) receiving generated wireless signals from sensors (28, 30) from antenna (38), a signal processor (32) processing the sensor signals, and communicating the identified wireless signals to the transmitter (34) generated by the sensors for transmission by the antenna (36) (Column 6, lines 12-24). The identified signals are transmitted to the receiving unit (24) by antenna (38) comprising a receiver (40) that processes the received signal to the user interface (26) having a display unit for the vehicle operator (Column 6, lines 39-43).

With respect to claim 12, Handfield et al teaches the use of a Random Access Memory device that stores the received signals (Column 13, lines 48-50).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

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3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claim 14 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Handfield et al (5,731,516).

In regards to claims 14, Handfield et al teaches the claimed invention except for the placement of the transponder unit on a vehicle trailer. Since Handfield et al teaches monitoring tires on a vehicle, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to place any type of sensing unit on a particular section of a vehicle, such as a trailer since the sensing of the tire would still be performed.

5. Claims 15, 18 & 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Handfield et al in view of McClelland (WO 96/15919).

With respect to claims 15 & 19, Handfield et al teaches the claimed invention except for a timing circuit connected to the signal processor which is configured to automatically switch the tire pressure sensor on periodically for a predetermined interval to measure the tire pressure and switch off the tire pressure sensor at all other times.

McClelland teaches the claimed apparatus comprising a pressure transducer (120) for sensing pressure of a tire and providing a tire pressure signal (Page 6, lines 3-10), a transmitter (170), a signal processor (100) connected to the pressure transducer (120) for providing a signal dependent on the tire pressure signal to the transmitter (170) (Page 7, lines 27-30), and a timing

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circuit (clock counter) connected to the signal processor (100) which is configured to automatically switch the tire pressure sensor (120) on periodically for a predetermined interval to measure the tire pressure and switch off the tire pressure sensor at all other times (Page 3, lines 7-23) which the timing circuit comprises a timer (clock counter) and four switches (130-160), the timer being configured to periodically actuate the switches and thereby connect the pressure sensor (120) to the battery to turn the tire pressure sensor (120) on for said predetermined interval (Page 7, lines 21-30). Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide a switching mechanism as taught by McClelland in the system of Handfield et al for the purpose of conserving power consumption.

Claim 18 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Handfield et al and McClelland as applied to claims 1-17 & 19 above, and further in view of Rosenfeld (5,513,524).

In combination, Handfield et al and McClelland teaches the claimed invention except for the power being supplied to the transponder unit by activation of the vehicle brake light line. Rosenfeld teaches power is applied to a unit (14) when the vehicle brakes are applied (Column 4, lines 34-40). Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to readily recognize the advantage and desirability to provide a connection between an electronic element and vehicle brake line for the purpose of supplying power without having to use a separate power source.

Response to Arguments

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6. Applicant's arguments filed 11/15/03 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. The Applicant argues a transponder unit allowing "a remote receiver in a vehicle cab to distinguish between wireless signals from the remote pressure sensors of an attached vehicle trailer and other pressure sensors without the need for individual registration of each pressure sensor every time the vehicle trailer is changed...." However, the Applicant does not claim these limitations within the amended claims. Handfield et al clearly shows a receiver (40) having an antenna (38) for receiving wireless transmitted signals from the transmitter (34) with an antenna (36), a signal processor (32) for processing the signals and wirelessly transmitting the signals to the receiver (40) for display.

Conclusion

- 7. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.
 - U.S. Patent 5,962,779 (Bass) Method for Determining Tire Inflation
 - U.S. Patent 5,749,984 (Frey et al) Tire Monitoring System and Method
 - U.S. Patent 5,289,160 (Fiorletta) Tire Pressure Monitoring System
 - U.S. Patent 5,181,423 (Phillipps et al) Apparatus for Sensing and Transmitting in a Wireless Manner a Value to be Measured
- 8. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE

MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO

MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after

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the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jermaine Jenkins whose telephone number is 703-305-3839. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 8am-430pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Edward Lefkowitz can be reached on 703-305-4816. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-306-7382.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-306-3431.

Jermaine Jenkins A.U. 2855

EDWARD LEFBOURTZ
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2800